

PRYCO, INC.

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OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR SUBBASE TANKS



WHAT TO DO FIRST

All our products are carefully inspected at point of shipment to ensure they are free of defects. Upon receiving your new Subbase tank, check for physical signs of damage before signing the bill of lading. Dropping and other rough handling in transit could place stress or break welds and plumbing joints that will result in a failure. Additionally, ensure the painted surfaces are free of scratches, etc. that might have occurred during shipment. **Repair and repaint problem areas to prevent rusting.**

THEN

Always have the fuel system installed by trained, authorized personnel. The tank must be installed on a structurally sound, level surface. Remove shipping plugs from all connection fittings. If equipped with Transfer Pump and Controls, check to ensure the tank's overflow line is continuous to the main storage tank without valves and traps. Pryco tanks are designed for open venting. Make sure the vents are properly installed and unobstructed. Before filling the tank, perform a final check of all pipe fittings for tightness. IMPORTANT - Always clear fuel lines of debris resulting from pipe cutting and threading and other installation processes. Failure to do so may result in fuel contamination that will injure injectors and other engine components.

FINALLY

Record your model and serial numbers here and save this manual. The model and serial numbers are located on the embossed tag under cover or affixed to the upper left-hand corner on the front of the tank.

Model:	Install Date:_	
Serial Numbers(s)		

FACTORY TESTING PROCEDURES

During fabrication, Pryco tanks are pressure tested at 5 psi of air pressure by quality control personnel. (Further field pressure testing will void the warranty.)

All Pryco tanks are carefully tested for proper operation. Power is applied to the unit and all aspects of the tank operation are tested. Alarms are tested by manually changing control levels in the sequences of operation. Components with contacts are tested for continuity during "closed" conditions. Float levels for pump motor controls are tested for start up and shut down of the motor. Proper rotation of the pump and motor are checked while in operation. All reset and test switches are checked for proper operation.

OPTIONAL TRANSFER PUMPS AND MOTORS GENERAL INFORMATION

PUMPS - The standard pump is a 2 GPM Bronze Gear Pump. Other pump models include: 4, 8, 10, 23, and 40 GPM. Each come with or without a pressure relief valve. This information generally applies to all models

The pump is driven directly from the shaft of the electric motor by means of a flexible coupling. An aluminum adapter connects the pump to the motor.

The pump is of bronze construction with stainless steel shafts, positive springloaded buna lip seals, and self-lubricating carbon bearings.

Due to close tolerances of components, fuel to the pump must be clean. Fine abrasives such as sand, silt, and powders in suspension will destroy its pumping ability. A **fuel strainer** (Pryco option # 314 or 315) should be installed just ahead of the pump (and solenoid valves, check valves, and other like devices) to keep debris from entering the system.

The pump's basic metals construction allow a temperature range of -40°F. to +400°F.; however, the buna lip seals have a temperature limit of +250°F. Avoid extreme temperatures and rapid fluctuations as they are detrimental to the pump's service life.

The pump is capable of creating 18 (plus) inches of vacuum on the suction side and up to 100 psi on the discharge side. Refer to pages 4 and 5 for a chart of the performance of each pump at 1725 RPM.

Before starting the system for the first time, you should apply some fuel oil through a **priming tee** (Pryco option #312) to wet the pump gears. The fuel retained in the system lines and the gear chambers serve to wet the gears on subsequent starts.

MOTORS - The standard motor coupled to the pump has these characteristics: 1/3 HP, 115 VAC, 1 PH, 60 Hz, Thermal Protected, 6.6 FL Amps, 1.0 Service Factor.

The standard motor is special split phase with moderately high starting torque as well as a moderately high starting current. The thermal protected motors have internal, automatic protectors that will reset after the motor cools. Other motor configurations available range from 1/4 HP VDC motors up to 5 HP, 460 VAC.

Install power to the motor(s) according to National Electrical Code.

MOTOR LUBRICATION

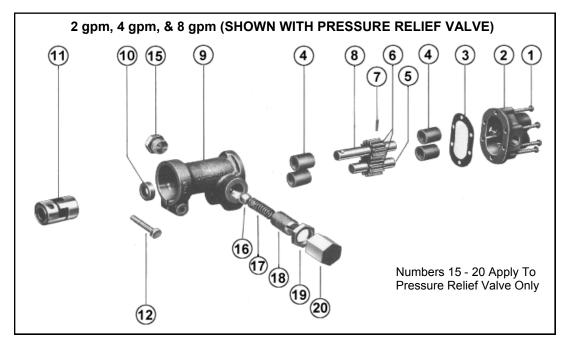
Sleeve Bearings - re-oil using #5W-20 oil every 3000 hours of motor operation.

Ball Bearings - If the motor has provision for re-greasing, use a good grade of bearing grease every 2000 hours.

If lubrication instructions appear on the motor, they will supercede these instructions.

Do not use unauthorized repair parts. These can affect proper and safe operation of the motor. Contact Pryco for replacement motors.

PUMP EXPLODED VIEW and PARTS LIST OPT #402 - 2 GPM, OPT #401 - 4 GPM, OPT #400 - 8 GPM



PARTS LIST

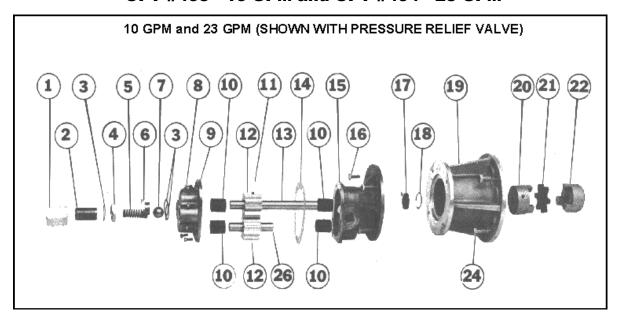
NO.	PART NAME	REQ.	NO.	PART NAME	REQ.	NO.	PART NAME	REQ.
1	Screw	6	7	Pin	1	15	Plug Nut*	1
2	Body	1	8	Drive Shaft	1	16	Ball*	1
3	Gasket	1	9	Cover	1	17	Spring*	1
4	Bearing	4	10	Seal	1	18	Adjusting Screw*	1
5	Idle Shaft	1	11	Coupling	1	19	Lock Nut*	1
6	Gear	2	12	Cap Screw	1	20	Valve Nut*	1

^{*} Parts For Pressure Relief Valve

PUMP PERFORMANCE CHART - 1725 RPM MOTOR At 60° F.

PUMP	PSI	2	20	40	60	80	100	125	150
#402	GPM	2.10	1.98	1.86	1.74	1.62	1.50	1.35	1.20
2GPM	HP REQ.	.05	.09	.14	.18	.23	.28	.33	.39
	MOTOR HP	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
#401	GPM	4.07	3.75	3.41	3.08	3.23	3.03	2.75	2.50
4GPM	HP REQ.	.10	.16	.22	.29	.36	.43	.55	.68
	MOTOR HP	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4
#400	GPM	8.25	7.75	7.00	6.50	5.50	-	-	-
8GPM	HP REQ.	.38	.50	.73	.80	.95	-	-	-
	MOTOR HP	1/2	1/2	3/4	1	1	-	-	-

PUMP EXPLODED VIEW and PARTS LIST OPT #403 - 10 GPM and OPT #404 - 23 GPM



PARTS LIST

NO.	PART NAME	REQ.	NO.	PART NAME	REQ.	NO.	PART NAME	REQ.
1	Valve Nut*	1	9	Cover	1	17	Seal	1
2	Adjust Screw*	1	10	Bearing	4	18	Retaining Ring	1
3	Fiber Washer*	3	11	Pin	1	19	Adapter	1
4	Locknut*	1	12	Gear	2	20	Coupling Half-L	1
5	Spring*	1	13	Drive Shaft	1	21	Rubber Insert	1
6	Plug Nut*	1	14	Gasket	1	22	Coupling Half-R	1
7	Ball*	1	15	Body	1	24	Adapter Screw	4
8	Cover Screw	8	16	Body Screw	4	26	Idle Shaft	1

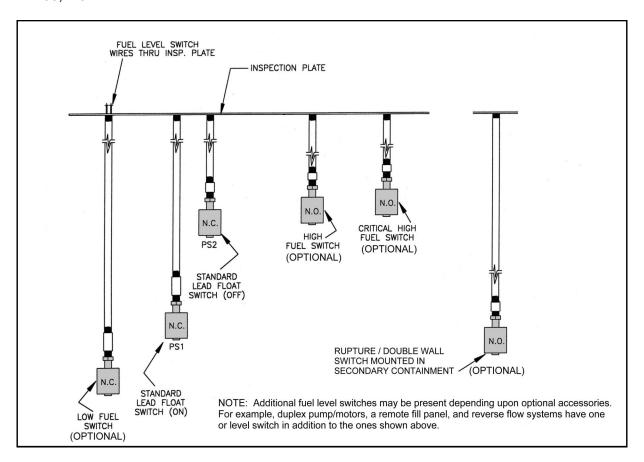
^{*} Parts For Pressure Relief Valve

PUMP PERFORMANCE CHART - 1725 RPM MOTOR At 60° F.

PUMP	PSI	2	20	40	60	80	100	125	150
#403	GPM	10.5	10.3	10.1	9.90	9.60	9.40	9.20	9.00
10GPM	HP REQ.	.05	.75	.90	1.20	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.32
	MOTOR HP	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/2	1-1/2	2	2	3
#404	GPM	23.3	22.9	22.5	22.1	21.7	21.3	20.7	20.1
23GPM	HP REQ.	.90	1.19	1.53	1.92	2.25	2.70	3.15	3.70
	MOTOR HP	1	1-1/2	1-1/2	2	3	3	3	5

PUMP PERFORMANCE CHART - 1140 RPM MOTOR At 70° F.

PUMP	PSI	10	20	40	60	80	100	125	150
#405	GPM	40-39	38	36	34	32	30	28	25
40GPM	HP REQ.	.90	1.1	1.7	2.3	2.8	3.5	4.3	5
	MOTOR HP	1	1-1/2	2	3	3	5	5	5

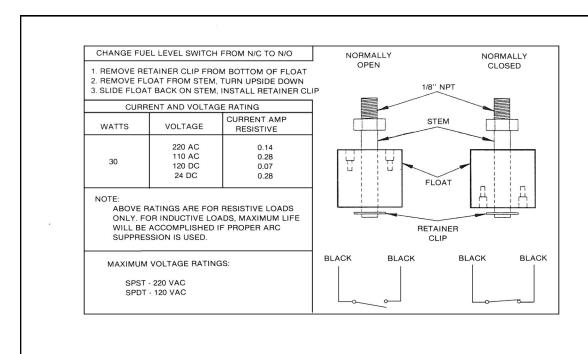


GENERAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

When power is applied to the day tank, the pump/motor will begin to fill the day tank.

- As the fuel rises to the 86% level, the PS1 (Pump/Motor-ON) float switch opens and the tank continues to fill.
- When the fuel level reaches the 100% level, the PS2 (Pump/Motor OFF) float switch opens and stops the pump/motor.
- As the generator engine consumes fuel and the level drops to the 86% level, the pump/ motor will fill the tank until the 100% fuel level is reached. PS1 turns on the pump/ motor — PS2 turns it off.
- If the fuel level drops to 75%, the LOW FUEL SWITCH (option 203) closes allowing a light on the control panel to illuminate.
- If the fuel in the tank should reach 102% full, the HIGH FUEL SWITCH (Option 209) will close sending a high fuel level signal to the day tank terminal block.

- If the fuel level rises to 103%, the CRITICAL HIGH FUEL SWITCH (option 213) closes allowing the following:
 - a Critical High Fuel light on the control panel to illuminate.
 - a N.O. solenoid valve will close causing the pump/motor to stop, and
 - a set of dry contacts, to be used for remote annunciation, will become active.
- If the fuel rises to 5% in the secondary containment (if installed), the RUPTURE ALARM SWITCH (option 395) closes allowing the following:
 - a Rupture Alarm light on the control panel to illuminate,
 - · the pump/motor to stop, and
 - a set of dry contacts, to be used for remote annunciation, will become active.



FUEL LEVEL SWITCH

Pryco fuel level switches are accurate and dependable. They are made of Buna-N and polybutylene terephtalate (PBT) — a combination for use in diesel oil. The fuel level switches are mounted on 1/8" NPT black pipe nipples extending through a 5" x 5" inspection port on the top of the day tank.

If for some reason a switch becomes inoperable, follow these steps for replacement:

- 1 Disconnect power to the day tank control circuits.
- 2 Locate, using the supplied wiring diagram, the contactor, relay, terminal block, or similar component to which the inoperable level switch is attached, and disconnect the two black wires.
- 3 Remove the eight ¼" bolts securing the 6 ½" x 6 ½" inspection plate that is located on top of the tank.
- 4 Remove the inspection plate being careful not to damage existing wiring.
- 5 Locate the fuel level switch that is inoperable and remove it from the pipe coupling.
- 6 Using a continuity tester, ensure the proper positioning of the level switch float. If there is continuity where there should not be, remove the retainer clip, turn the float over (end for end) and replace the retainer clip (see instruction at the top of this page).
- 7 Install fuel level switch to the pipe coupling.
- 8 Re-attach the wires removed in step 2.
- 9 Re-install inspection plate and bolt to tank.
- 10 Re-test all day tank functions and ensure proper operation.

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